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Alternative Splicing from RNA-seq Data without the Genome

8th Special Interest Group meeting on Alternative Splicing
AS-SIG, ISMB/ECCB 2011
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Motivations and Challenges

Detecting Alternative Splicing (AS) variations from RNA-seq data

- No specific tools for large-scale inference of AS variations among gene transcripts
- **Our goal:** identification of AS variations **without a reference genome**

Motivations and Challenges

- Reference genome is not always available
- RNA-seq data alignment against the genome is too expensive

Our Solution

fast* construction of a graph representation of AS variations from RNA-seq data **without a reference genome**

*linear time w.r.t. the number of reads

RNA-seq Data

- Basic Features:
 - Short sequences (30 – 400bp)
 - Depth sequencing → Millions / Billions of sequences
 - Quality
 - Unknown error
- High-throughput sequencing platforms:
 - SOLiD, Illumina, Roche's 454, HeliScope

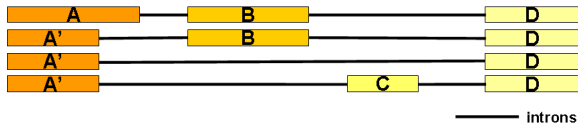
RNA-seq Analysis: State of Art

- **Read Mapping (Spliced Aligners)**
 - Exon-first methods (MapSplice, SpliceMap, Tophat)
 - Seed-extend methods (GSNAP, QPALMA)
- **Expression Quantification**
 - Gene quantification (Alexa-seq ,ERANGE, NEUMA)
 - Isoform quantification (Cufflinks, MISO, RSEM)
- **Transcriptome Reconstruction**
 - Genome-guided assembly (Scripture, Cufflinks)
 - Genome-independent assembly (Velvet, TransABYSS, Trinity)

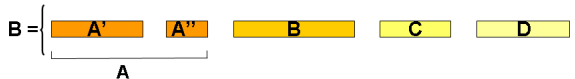
NATURE METHODS, June 2011

Our Goal: Isoform Graph

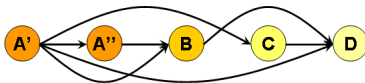
- Gene isoforms



- Set of blocks



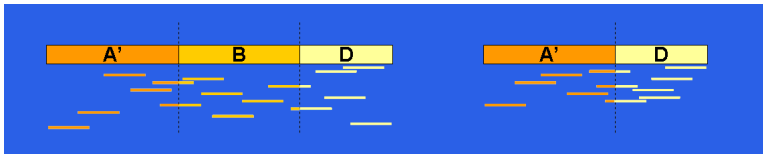
- Isoform graph



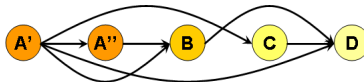
Our Goal: Isoform Graph

Isoform Graph Reconstruction

Input: a set of RNA-seq reads from unknown gene transcripts



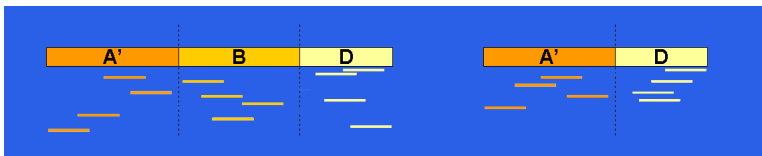
- *Isoform Graph:*



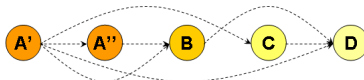
Our Approach

Isoform Graph Reconstruction

Input: a set of RNA-seq reads from unknown gene transcripts



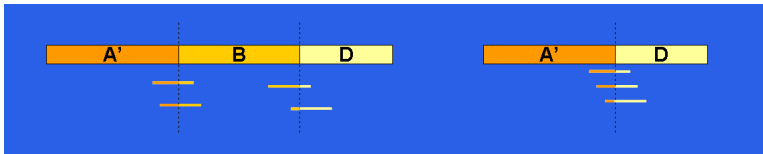
- *Unspliced reads:*



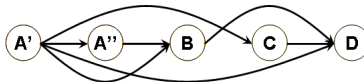
Our Approach

Isoform Graph Reconstruction

Input: a set of RNA-seq reads from unknown gene transcripts

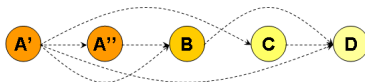


- *Spliced reads:*

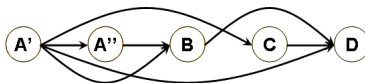


Method Outline

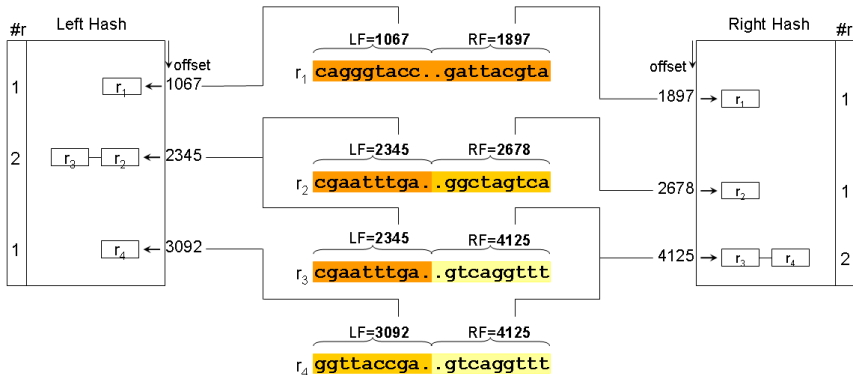
- Hashing input reads
 - Input set partitioning → Unspliced/Spliced
 - Constant time access to RNA-seq reads
- Assembling *unspliced* reads into blocks (graph nodes)



- Linking blocks with *spliced* reads (graph edges)

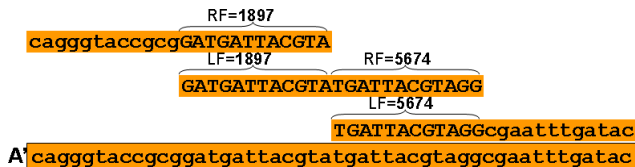


Hashing of the input reads

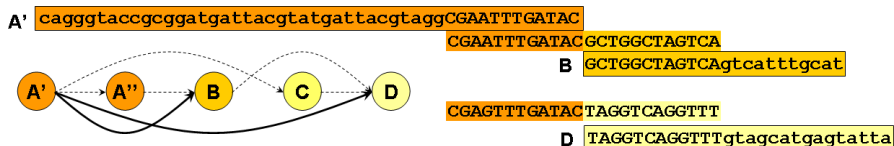


Assembling and Linking

- Assembly of unspliced reads



- Linking with spliced reads



Experiment on Simulated Data

Data from: 112 genes used as training set in EGASP*

- 22.8×10^6 simulated reads
- read length: 64bp
- % of mutated reads: 0, 2, 4, 8, 16

Results

- ~ 40 genes “correctly reconstructed”
- 67 minutes
- Average $S_n = 0.868$
- Average $S_p = 0.765$

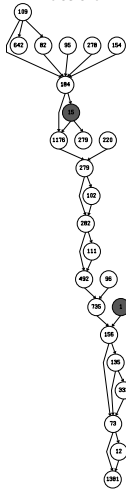
*Guigò et al., *Genome Biology*, 2006

An Example: gene L1CAM

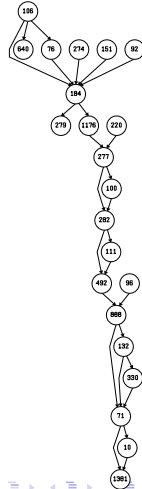
Prediction summary

- Predicted nodes: 22
- Predicted arcs: 27
- S_n (nodes): 0.84
- S_p (nodes): 0.95
- S_n (arcs): 0.71
- S_p (arcs): 0.82

Annotation



Prediction



Experiment on Real Data

RNA-seq data from ENCODE/Caltech

- 2×10^9 reads
- read length: 75bp (Illumina)
- unknown error

Results

- 210 minutes
- Average $S_n = 0.358$
- Average $S_p = 0.294$

Issues and Future Work

● Issues

- SNP
- Read error
- Splice junctions not uniquely identified
- Some AS variations are hard to characterize

● Future Works

- Extract AS events (exon skipping, mutually exclusive exons, etc.) from isoform graph
- Use a reference genome to predict AS variants in a donor genome (also represented with RNA-seq reads)
- Genome-wide experiment on real data from different sequencing technologies

Conclusions

- New method for AS variants inference from NGS data
- Efficient in theory and practice
- 2 k -mers/read
- No error → Good performance
- Extremely scalable approach
- Ongoing implementation development
 - Improving performances on real data
 - SNP
 - Error correction
 - Intron/Exon refinement (involving the genome)